

Name:

Hour:

Unit 2: Lesson 1: Introducing Reading Strategies

Term and Definition	Example	Picture/Symbol
<hr/> being aware of what you are reading, and when you are not understanding what you are reading		
<hr/> the community of people living in a particular country or region and having shared customs, laws and organizations		
<hr/> to put something together, to build again		
<hr/> the beliefs, customs, and institutions of a particular group, society, place, or time		
<hr/> the scientific study of ancient cultures through the examination of artifacts, buildings, and other remaining material evidence.		
<hr/> the scientific study of humankind, especially the study of human ancestry and culture over time and across the world.		
<hr/> the official process of counting the number of people in a country, state, or town, and collecting information about them		
<hr/> the record of events or day to day activities; also a record of a ship's speed, course, and progress.		

<hr/> providing written evidence to support a claim or a point of view.		
---	--	--

Unit 2: Lesson 2: The Study of Prehistory

Term and Definition	Example	Picture/Symbol
<hr/> the field study concerned with global processes and patterns of humanity over time.		
<hr/> the time or period before recorded or written history		
<hr/> the earliest known period of human culture, marked by the creation and use of stone tools		
<hr/> a type of map characterized by large-scale detail and contour lines representing elevation changes		
<hr/> paintings on cave walls and ceilings, especially those dating from prehistoric times		
<hr/> determining the age of an object based upon surrounding fossils and geological deposits		
<hr/> the process of determining a specific date of an artifact based on physical or chemical properties of the object		
<hr/> a statement about what someone thinks is true, especially when open to question		

<hr/> information used to support a claim		
<hr/> any object made or used by mankind.		

Unit 2: Lesson 4: The Peopling of the Earth

Term and Definition	Example	Picture/Symbol
<hr/> a major ecological community that corresponds to a climate and is characterized by plants that live in that are adapted to that environment		
<hr/> the process or state of changing to fit a new environment or different conditions		
<hr/> The physical movement by humans from one area to another, sometimes over long distances or in large groups.		

Unit 2: Lesson 5: The Paleolithic Age

Term and Definition	Example	Picture/Symbol
<hr/> the period of the Stone Age that began about 2.5 to 2 million years ago, marked by the earliest use of tools made of chipped stone		
<hr/> a group of people who survive by hunting and gathering over a large region		
<hr/> artifacts that are written language or have writing on them		

artifacts that do not have written language like stone tools or human remains		
the ways in which a group of people live, find food, and behave		
organizations that large groups of humans (societies, cultures) create to help solve social problems		

Unit 2: Lesson 6: The Agricultural Revolution

Term and Definition	Example	Picture/Symbol
an event that happened about 10,000 years ago when the Earth's climate warmed and regions of the planet became more temperate		
a type of society or culture based around farming and raising livestock		
an event or occurrence which causes a very significant change		
a term that means "new stone age" and refers to period when humans came to live in agricultural communities		
a turning point that began about 10,000 years ago when humans began to live in settled communities and raise plants and animals		

<hr/> a non-religious alternative to the use of B.C. , the era of prehistory and much of antiquity		
<hr/> an alternative and non-religious method of notation to the traditional A.D. , or <i>Anno Domini</i>		
<hr/> a geographic area considered as a unit for geographical, functional, social, or cultural reasons		

Unit 2: Lesson 7: Neolithic Settlement, Surplus, Specialization, and Social Institutions

Term and Definition	Example	Picture/Symbol
<hr/> when different people in society take on specific roles or jobs that require unique skill sets		
<hr/> a permanent community where people live		
<hr/> having more than you need (as opposed to more than you want).		
<hr/> an organized group or network in a society that exists to help meet the long-term needs of its people (food, clothing, shelter, education, rules, safety).		
<hr/> an approach to altering the genetic makeup of plants and animals to make them more useful to humans		

Unit 2: Lesson 8: Global Patterns of Early Human Settlement

<hr/> the place of an archaeological investigation where evidence of past activity is uncovered and preserved		
<hr/> a frequent and widespread occurrences or similar events that happen in different places in the world		
<hr/> a branch of knowledge that relates to inventions and discoveries that help modernizing human lifestyle and surrounding environment		